FTC TRANSIT BENEFIT

INTEGRITY AWARENESS TRAINING



Topics

- Program Overview
 - Background and Objectives
 - TRANServe's Role
 - Employee's Role
 - Website Content
 - Legal Implications



- Understanding the Certification Statement
- Knowledge Checks



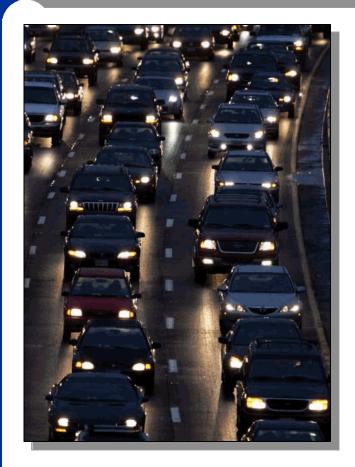


Program Overview

- Transit Benefit Program:
 - Reduces air pollution
 - Reduces traffic congestion
 - Increases use of mass transit
- Studies show that congestion wastes:
 - 3.7 billion hours of travel delays
 - \$63 billion per year nationally
 - \$850 and \$1,600 in lost time and fuel each year per commuter
- Tax-free subsidy for actual costs of transportation
 - Up to the maximum statutory limit



Background



Program History

- 1991 Federal TransitAdministration pilot program
- 1993 Clean Air Initiatives Act
- 2000 Federal Workforce Transportation Fringe Benefit
- 2005 SAFETEA-LU
- Eligibility
 - All FTC employees working in full or part time paid status



Mass Public Transportation

- Rail
 - Subway
 - Commuter
 - Light
- Bus
 - Transit authority
 - Commuter
- Ferries
 - Pedestrian
 - Bicycle
 - NO CARS

Qualified vanpools

- Commercial/private vehicle
- At least six adults excluding the driver

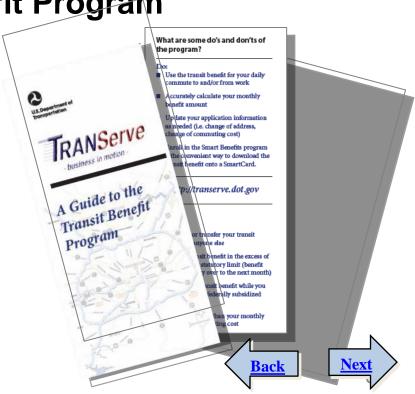






TRANServe

- Transit Benefit Program Provider to Federal Agencies
- Distributes transit benefit to qualified employees
- Administers the Transit Benefit Program
- Establishes best practices
- Provides answers and support



Employee Roles and Responsibilities

- Understand the scope and limitations of the Transit Benefit Program
- Never sell or transfer the benefit or make false claims
- Understand the penalties involved in misuse or false claims

It is a violation of law to provide false or fraudulent information to obtain the transit benefit, to transfer, or to sell the transit benefit.





Employee Roles and Responsibilities

- Not to be named on a worksite parking permit at any Federal agency, nor participating in a carpool
- Use transit benefit only for home to work, and work to home transportation
- Ensure the amount of transit benefit received does not exceed actual monthly commuting cost of public transportation
- Responsible to update commuting costs when commuting method, work schedule, and/or address changes



Employee Roles and Responsibilities

When paper fare media is distributed, employees are responsible for its safekeeping. Lost, stolen, or damaged fare media will not be replaced.

- In the National Capital Region (NCR), lost, stolen, or damaged SmartTrip® cards may be replaced. Contact Metro via a sales office or online at www.wmata.com.
- UPDATE HERE: For lost, stolen, or damaged TRANServe Cards, contact JP Morgan Chase at the UCARD Center (https://ucard.chase.com)







Legal Implications

Employees who misuse the transit benefit are subject to appropriate administrative action, including discipline and/or disqualification from future participation in the FTC transit benefit program. Disciplinary penalties could range from a letter of admonishment, to removal from Federal service depending on the severity of the abuse.





TRANServe Website

TRANServe.dot.gov



- Home
- Participants
 - Everything you need to Apply
- Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)
- TRANServe Card
- Resources
- Return of Excess
- Contact Us





The Transit Benefit Program objective is to:

- ☐ A. Increase compensation of federal employees per month.
- □ B. Provide incentive to federal employees to use public transportation to reduce air pollution and traffic congestion.
- ☐ C. Reward the employees for their hard work.



Knowledge Check 1 - Answer

The Transit Benefit Program objective is to:

- □ A. Increase compensation of federal employees per month.
- **B.** Provide incentive to federal employees to use public transportation to reduce air pollution and traffic congestion.
- ☐ C. Reward the employees for their hard work.

The Federal Workforce Transportation Fringe Benefit Program under Executive Order 13150 was put in place to reduce air pollution and traffic congestion.



 If I misuse my transit benefit, such as selling my benefit or over estimating my need for the benefit, I could be removed from service to the federal government.

- □ True
- □ False



Knowledge Check 2 - Answer

 If I misuse my transit benefit, such as selling my benefit or over estimating my need for the benefit, I could be removed from service to the federal government.

- ☐ True
- False

Disciplinary penalties could range from a letter of admonishment to removal from Federal service depending on the severity of the abuse.



The role of TRANServe is:

- □ A. Distribute the transit benefit to FTC Federal employees.
- B. Administer the Transit Benefit Program.
- ☐ C. Establish Best Practices.
- ☐ D. All of the above.



Knowledge Check 3 - Answer

The role of TRANServe is:

- A. Distribute transit benefits to FTC Federal employees.
- **□** B. Administer the Transit Benefit Program.
- ☐ C. Establish Best Practices.
- ☑ D. All of the above.

TRANServe administers the Transit Benefit and establishes best practices.





Dan plans on teleworking. The correct course of action based on this is:

- □ A. Inform his supervisor.
- ☐ B. Continue claiming her transit benefit without change.
- ☐ C. Submit an updated application.





Knowledge Check 4 - Answer

Dan plans on teleworking. The correct course of action based on this is:

- A. Inform his supervisor.
- B. Continue claiming her transit benefit without change.
- **☑** C. Submit an updated application.

You are responsible to update your application whenever your commuting method, work schedule or address changes.





U.S. Department of Transportation



Transit Benefit Certification





Certification Required



 Anyone who enrolls in the Transit Benefit Program must certify that certain conditions are true.

Certify:

"To formally and legally attest a specific statement to be true"





Certification Statement

WARNING!

This certification concerns a matter within the jurisdiction of an agency of the United States. Making a false, fictitious, or fraudulent certification may constitute criminal violations punishable under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001, by imprisonment up to five years and fines up to \$10,000 for each offense, and/or agency disciplinary actions up to and including dismissal.

- I certify that I am employed by the U.S. Federal Government.
- I certify that I am not named on a federally subsidized parking permit with any other federal agency.
- I certify that I am eligible for a public transportation fare benefit, will use it for my daily commute to and from work by public transit or vanpool, and will not give, sell, or transfer it to anyone else.
- I certify that in any given month, I will not use the Government-provided transit benefit in excess of the statutory limit. If my commuting costs per month on public transit exceed the month statutory limit, then I will supplement those additional costs with my own funds rather than use a Government-provided transit benefit designated for use in a future month.
- I certify that I will not claim the transit benefit in excess of my actual monthly commuting expense. If at anytime during a given month I am out of work due to sickness, vacation or any other reason, on official travel, or use a private vehicle for commuting, I will claim less and adjust the amount of my transit benefit the following month if appropriate.
- I certify that my parking fees are not included in the computation of the daily, weekly or monthly commuting costs for my transit benefit.

Back



Certification

What did I just agree to?

- I am employed by the FTC
- I am eligible for a public transportation fare benefit
- I will only use the transit benefit for my daily commute to and from work
- I will not give, sell, or transfer my transit benefit to anyone else
- I will not use the government-provided transit benefit in excess of the statutory limit
- I will not claim the transit benefit in excess of my actual monthly commuting expense
- I will not include parking fees in the computation of the daily, weekly, monthly, or annual commuting costs







Rick joined a carpool after commuting by train for 5 years. He received the maximum benefit per month for his commute. He sells his benefit since he believes the benefit belongs to him. Is this the correct course of action?

- ☐ Yes
- □ No





Knowledge Check 5 - Answer



 Rick joined a carpool after commuting by train for 5 years. He received the maximum benefit per month for his commute. He sells his benefit since he believes the benefit belongs to him. Is this the correct course of action?

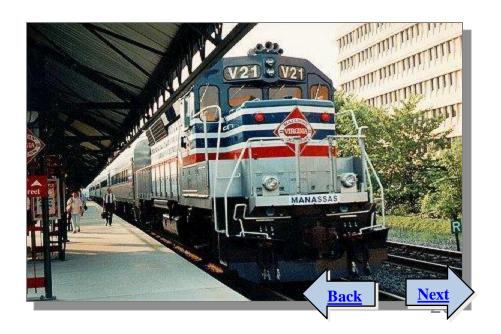




It is against the law to sell or give away your transit benefit.



- Carrie commutes from Maryland to get to work.
 Her commuting costs are \$284 per month. She is
 eligible to receive additional transit benefit since
 her commute is so costly.
 - □ True
 - ☐ False



Knowledge Check 6 - Answer

Carrie commutes from Maryland to get to work.
Her commuting costs are \$284 per month. She is eligible to receive additional transit benefit since her commute is so costly.

□ True

The FTC will provide employees up to the maximum subsidy amount for mass transportation commuting cost. The employee must cover the additional amount, "out of pocket".

- Greta rides in a carpool. She is eligible to receive the transit benefit.
 - **☐** True
 - □ False







Knowledge Check 7 - Answer

 Greta rides in a carpool. She is eligible to receive the transit benefit.

- □ True
- ☐ False

The Federal Transit Benefit is for federal employees who choose to commute using mass transit in a commuter highway vehicle. This includes bus, rail, light rail, ferry, or an authorized vanpool.





- Alicia rides mass transit, and parks in the lot near the station. She includes her parking fees in the computation of her monthly commuting cost. She is right to do this.
 - □ True
 - ☐ False



Knowledge Check 8 - Answer

 Alicia rides mass transit, and parks in the lot near the station. She includes her parking fees in the computation of her monthly commuting cost. She is right to do this.

■ True

☐ False

The Federal Transit Benefit is provided solely for your home-to-work-to-home commute while using mass transportation. Any other use of the benefit is actionable as fraud, waste, or abuse of federal funds.

 Melinda has come to an agreement with HR and her supervisor to work in the office three days, and telework the other two days each week, indefinitely.
 She currently receives a transit benefit of \$25/week.
 The correct course of action based on this change to her schedule is to:

- □ A. Thank her supervisor for his/her understanding.
- ☐ B. Continue claiming her transit benefit without change.
- ☐ C. Update her transit benefit application to reflect her new commuting expense.





Knowledge Check 9 - Answer

- Melinda has come to an agreement with HR and her supervisor to work in the office 3 days and telework 2 days per week indefinitely. She currently receives \$25/week in transit benefits. The correct course of action based on this change is to:
 - □ A. Thank her supervisor for his/her understanding.
 - B. Continue claiming her transit benefit without change.
 - C Update her transit benefit application to reflect her new commuting expense.

You must change your benefit amount if your usual monthly commuting expense changes.





 Christian is going to an off-site meeting. He is using mass transportation to and from the meeting, and decides to use his transit benefit. This is the correct course of action.

- □ True
- □ False



Knowledge Check 10 - Answer

 Christian is going to an off-site meeting. He is using mass transportation to and from the meeting, and decides to use his transit benefit. This is the correct course of action.

■ True

Travel to an off-site meeting or training class is an office expense. The Transit Benefit is provided solely for your home-to-work-to-home commute via mass transportation.





Congratulations!

You have successfully completed TRANSIT BENEFIT INTEGRITY AWARENESS TRAINING

